**HOMOPHONES:** Some words sound the same, but mean different things and have different spellings. For example: Their/there where/wear

**SYNONYMS:** Synonyms are words that mean the same thing. For example: happy vs. glad.

**ANTONYMS:** Antonyms are words that mean the opposite. For example: Good vs. Awful

**NOUNS**: People, Places and Things (P.P.T.’s) Don’t forget to capitalize **proper nouns** (Important people, places and things!)

**VERBS:** Action words in sentences! For example: Mr. Drooker pitched the ball.

**ADJECTIVES:** describes people, places, things (nouns). For example: Anna is very cool.

**ADVERB**: describes a verb. For example: She burped loud**ly**.

**SUBJECT:** The subject of a sentence is the person, place or thing that is doing something or being something. For example: The fish swam away.

**PREDICATE:** The part of a sentence that includes the verb and the words after it. For example: The dog barked all night long.

**CONTRACTIONS:** Two words combined where a few of the letters are replaced by an apostrophe. For example: do + not = don’t

**GENERAL PLURAL RULES**:





